

Scientific names and diseases	Vocabulary and concepts
<i>Propionibacterium acnes</i> (bacteria; acne)	Tinctures
<i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> (bacteria; STD)	QUATS (quaternary ammonium compounds)
<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> (bacteria; STD)	Bactine; benzalkonium chloride
<i>Treponema pallidum</i> (bacteria; STD)	Heavy metals Silver nitrate, Mercurochrome, zinc chloride, copper
HHV-2 (virus; genital herpes)	Oligodynamic effect
HPV (virus; cervical cancer, genital warts)	Peroxygens Hydrogen peroxide, benzoyl peroxide, ozone
Vaginitis	Aldehydes Formaldehyde, glutaraldehyde (Cidex)
<i>Candida albicans</i> (fungus; STD)	Z-pak (azithromycin)
<i>Gardnerella vaginalis</i> (bacteria; STD)	Chancres, gummas
<i>Trichomonas vaginalis</i> (protozoa; STD)	1 <sup>st</sup> line, 2 <sup>nd</sup> line, 3 <sup>rd</sup> line of defense
HepA (virus; hepatitis)	Inflammation (rubor, dolor, tumor, calor)
HepB (virus; hepatitis)	White blood cells (leukocytes)
HIV (virus; AIDS)	Antigens, antibodies
<i>Plasmodium</i> (protozoa; malaria)	B cells and T cells
<i>Yersinia pestis</i> (bacteria; plague)	Neutralization
<i>Francisella tularensis</i> (bacteria; tularemia)	Opsonization
<i>Borrelia burgdorferi</i> (bacteria; Lyme disease)	Agglutination
HHV-4 (EB virus; mononucleosis)	Helper T cells
Ebola (virus; hemorrhagic fever)	Cytotoxic (killer) T cells
Measles (virus; rash)	Regulatory T cells
Rubella (virus; rash)	CD4 T cells
Roseola (virus; rash)	Naturally-acquired immunity
<i>Staphylococcus</i> (bacteria):	Artificially-acquired immunity
Endocarditis, impetigo, cellulitis, SSSS,	Vaccines (immunizations)
MRSA, VRSA	Live attenuated vaccine
<i>Acanthamoeba</i> (protozoa; keratitis)	LAI
<i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> (bacteria; meningitis)	Killed vaccine
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> (bacteria; meningitis)	Subunit vaccine
<i>Haemophilus influenza</i> (bacteria; meningitis)	Titer
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> (bacteria; meningitis)	Bubo
<i>Naegleria fowleri</i> (protozoa; meningoencephalitis)	Epidemiology
<i>Toxoplasma gondii</i> (protozoa; encephalitis)	Erythema migrans
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i> (bacteria; botulism)	Oncovirus
Gonorrheal neonatal ophthalmia	Sebum
PID (Pelvic inflammatory disease)	Normal microbiota
AIDS-defining illnesses	Lysozyme
Candidiasis; fungus	Desquamation
Herpes; virus	Salicylic acid
Kaposi's sarcoma; virus (HHV-8)	Cryosurgery
Tuberculosis; bacteria	Eschars
Cryptosporidiosis; protozoa	Tinea
Warts; virus	
Leishmaniasis; protozoa	
Anthrax; bacteria	
Cutaneous mycoses; fungus	

Conjunctivitis	Lactoferrin
TSE (prions; Mad Cow Disease)	Photophobia
Maculopapular rashes	Lumbar puncture
Vesicular (pustular) rashes	
Primary, secondary, tertiary syphilis	
Allergy	
Atopy	
Hay fever (allergic rhinitis; antihistamines)	
Eczema (atopic dermatitis; hydrocortisone)	
Anaphylaxis	
Contact dermatitis	
Type I diabetes	
Multiple sclerosis	
Rheumatoid arthritis	
Lupus	